

# Looking for **Intermediate Mass Black Holes** in the center **Low Luminosity AGN**

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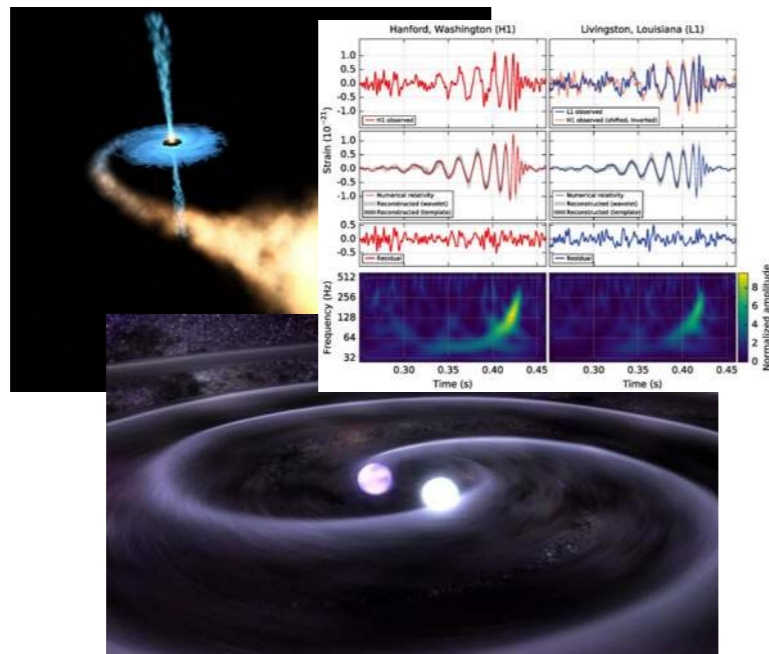
Speaker:

**Filippos Koliopanos**

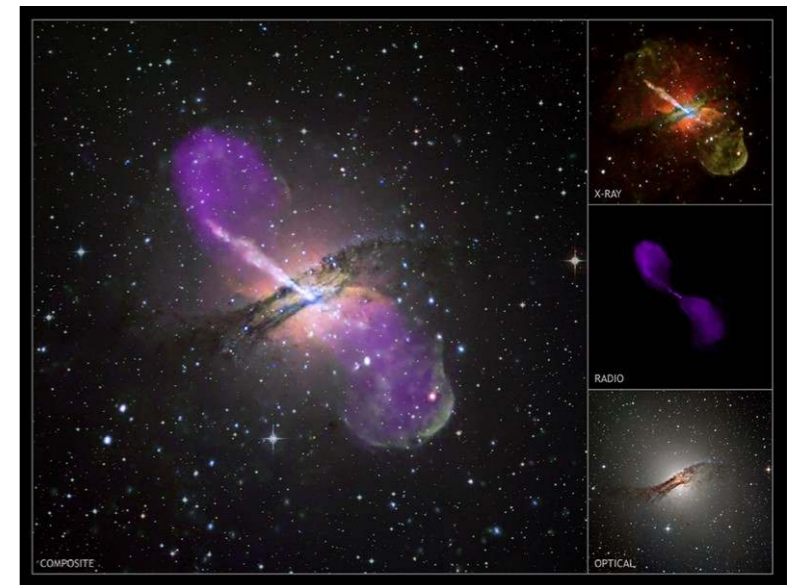


# Intermediate Mass Black Holes

- Existence of **galactic BHs** ( $<10^2 M_{\text{sol}}$ ) and **supermassive BHs** ( $>10^5 M_{\text{sol}}$ ) is firmly established.
- Notable scarcity in the **intermediate** range.
  - Do **IMBHs** exist?



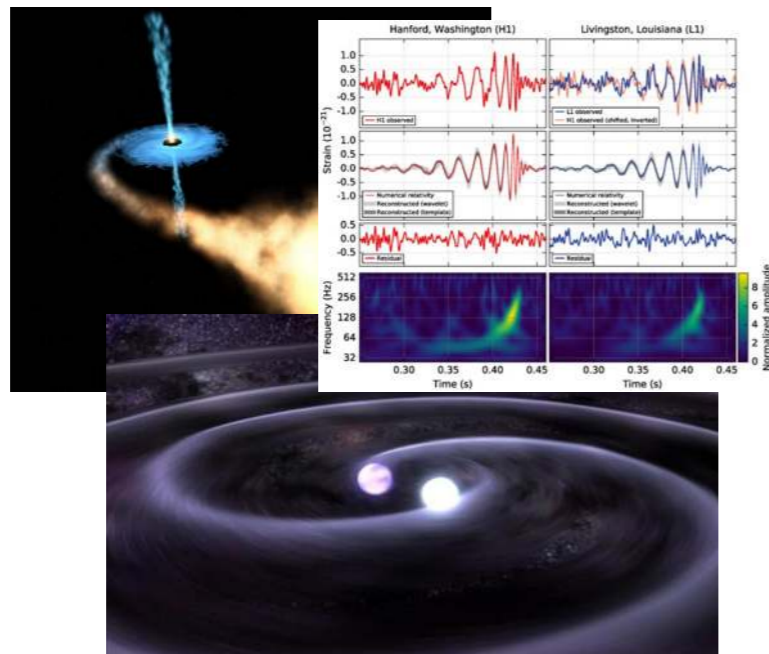
NASA, Ligo



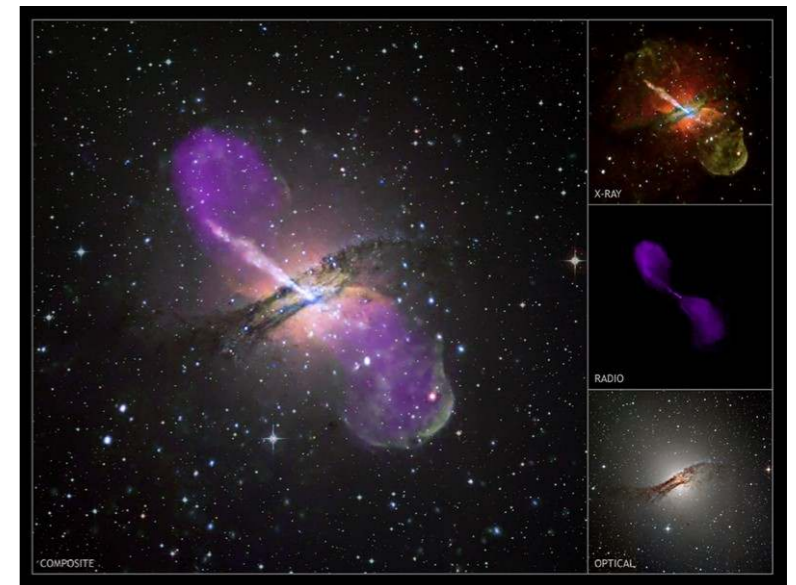
X-ray - NASA, CXC, R.Kraft (CfA), et al.;  
 Radio - NSF, VLA, M.Hardcastle (U Hertfordshire) et al.;  
 Optical - ESO, M.Rejkuba (ESO-Garching) et al.

# Why do we care?

- Predicted by plausible scenarios
  - *Evolution of Pop III stars*
  - *BH mergers in clusters*
- They are the likely **Seeds** of SMBHs (?)
  - Probe galaxy **formation** in different mass regimes



NASA, Ligo



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# Measuring the Black Hole Mass

## X-ray and Radio:

➤ Are they **accreting** mass ?

- **Eddington** Luminosity ( $L \sim 1.3 \cdot 10^{38} M / M_{\text{sol}}$ )

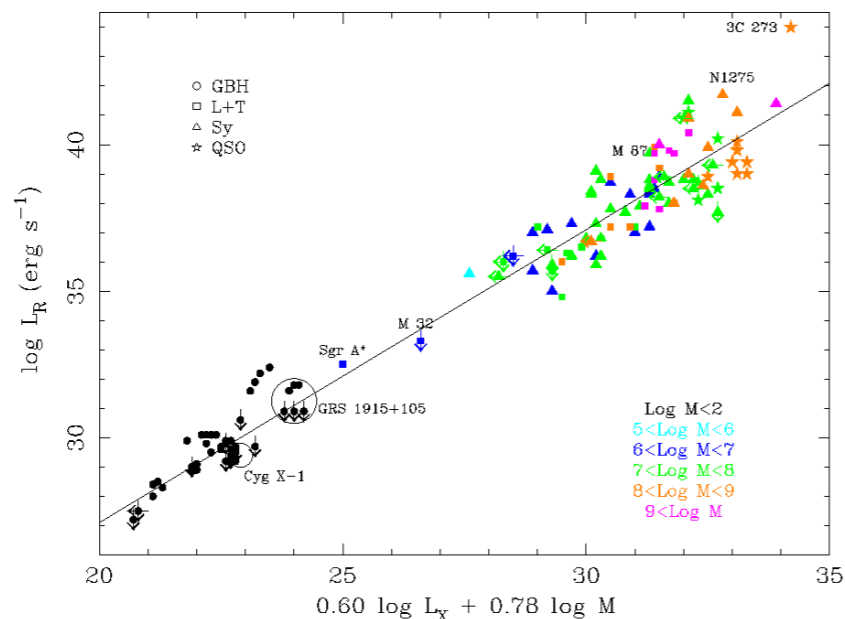
- Can be exploited to uncover **IMBHs**:

*HOWEVER:*

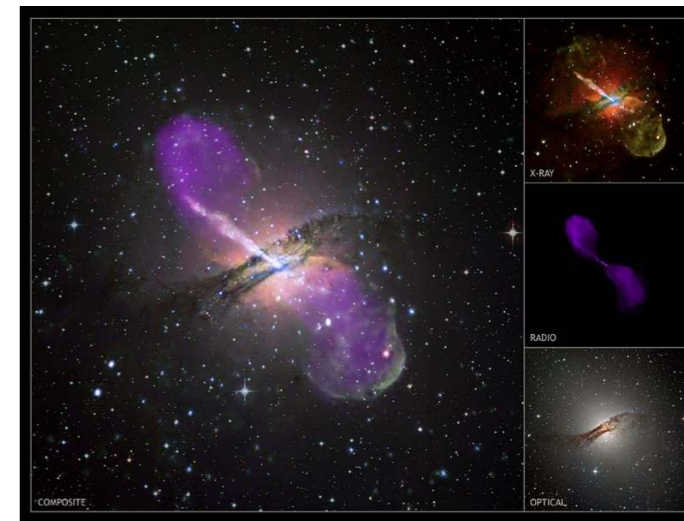
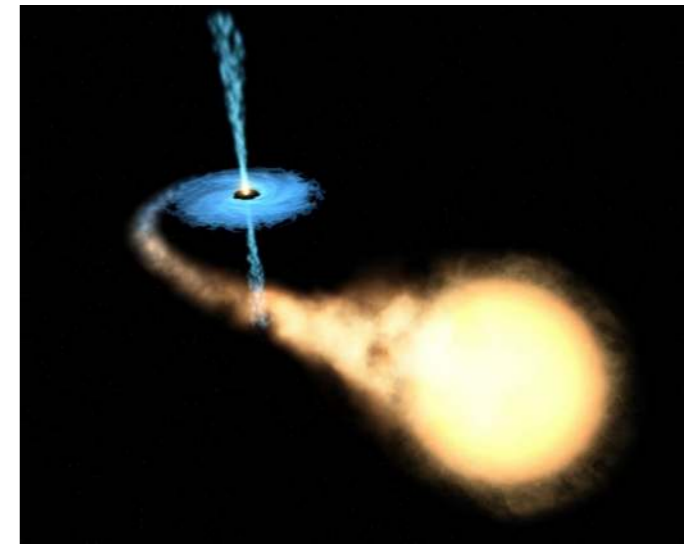
*Super Eddington Accretion. M82 X-2*

*But, ESO 243-49 HLX-1 and M82 X-1(?).*

- **Fundamental Plane** of BH activity



Heinz & Sunyaev 2003;  
Merloni et al. 2003;  
Falcke et al. 2004

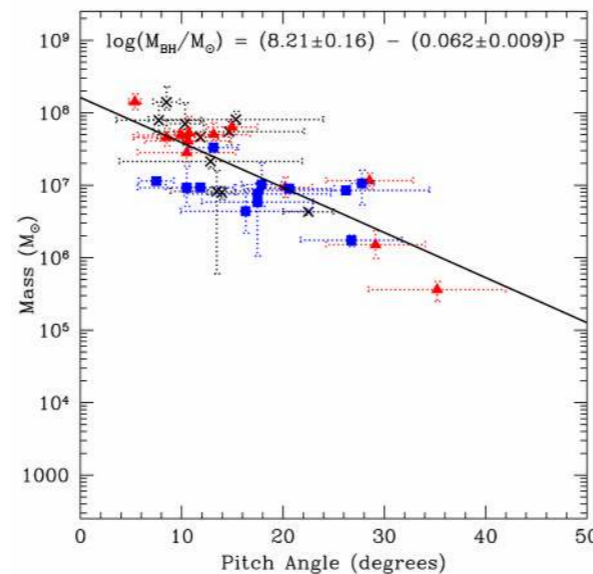
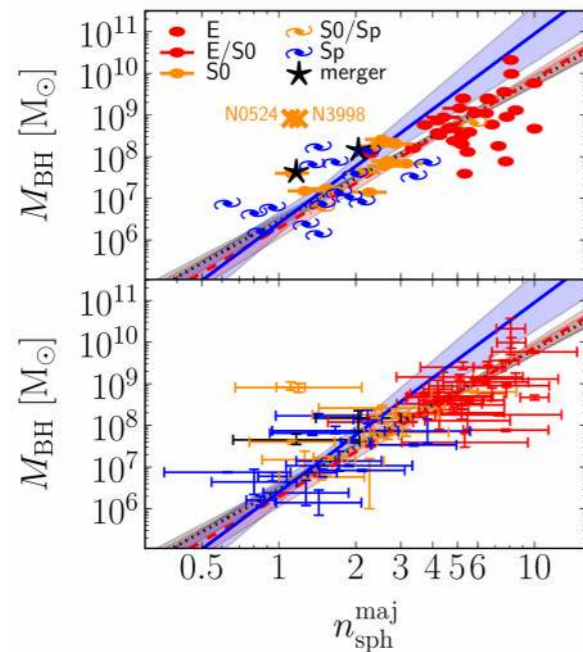
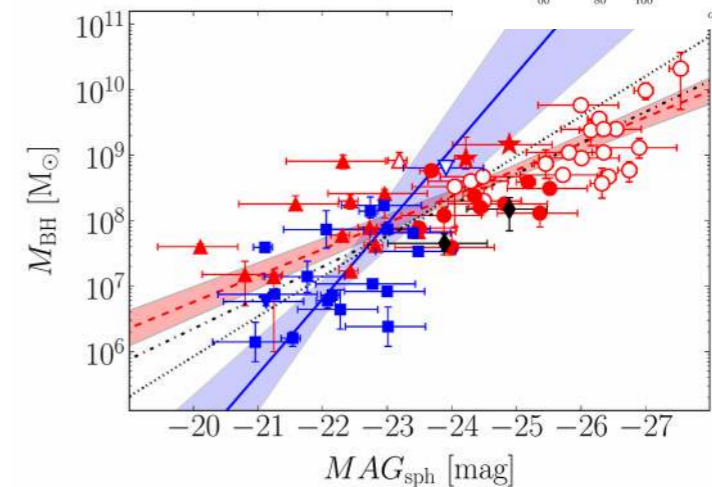
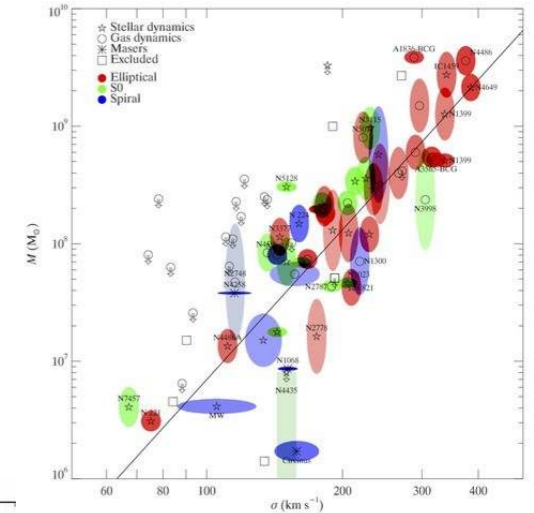


- Scale-invariance of disk-jet mechanism.
- Estimate masses from GBHs to AGN.
- Large inherent scatter.

# Measuring the Black Hole Mass

## BH mass and Galactic properties

- The  $M_{\text{BH}}-\sigma$  relation
  - *Direct mass measurement*
  - HOWEVER:*
  - *Low mass -> Small sphere of influence.*
  - *Luminosity bias.*
- The  $M_{\text{BH}}-L$  relation
  - *Can be applied on more distant sources*
  - *No spectroscopy required*
  - *Depends on distance estimation*



- The  $M_{\text{BH}}-n_{\text{sph}}$  and  $M_{\text{BH}}-PA$  relation
  - *Independent of distance and of other relations*
  - *Empirical relations. Underlying physics not yet fully established*
  - *Limited to low z.*

# Looking for IMBHs in LLAGN

- **Motivation:**  $M_{\text{BH}}-L$  relation by Graham & Scott (2013), reveals **40 IMBHs** in **LLAGN**.

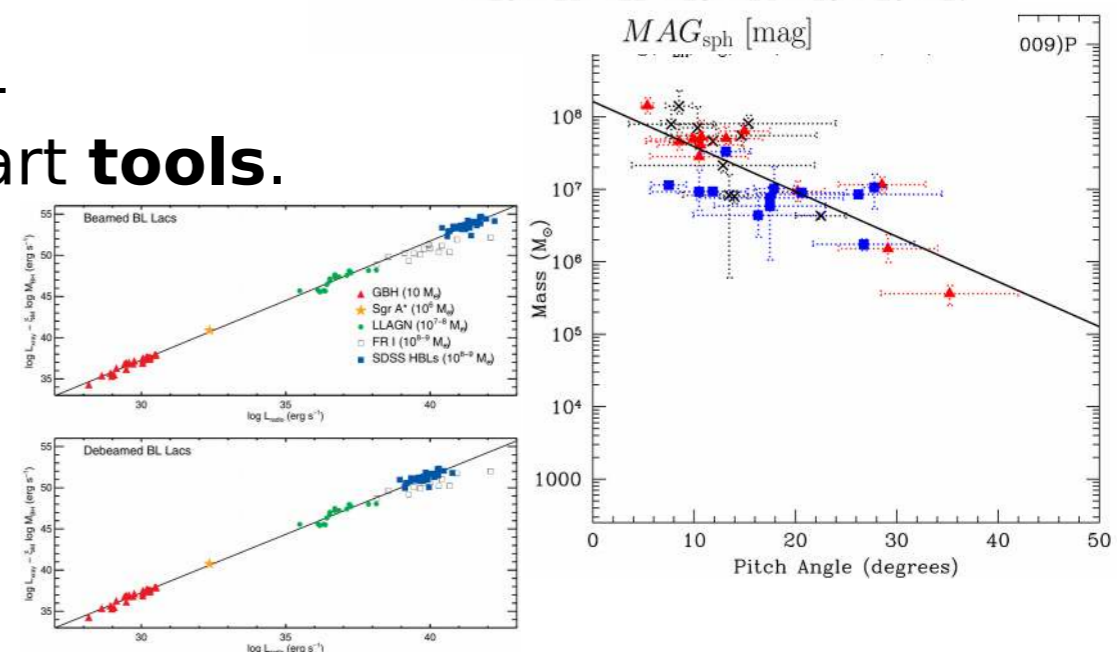
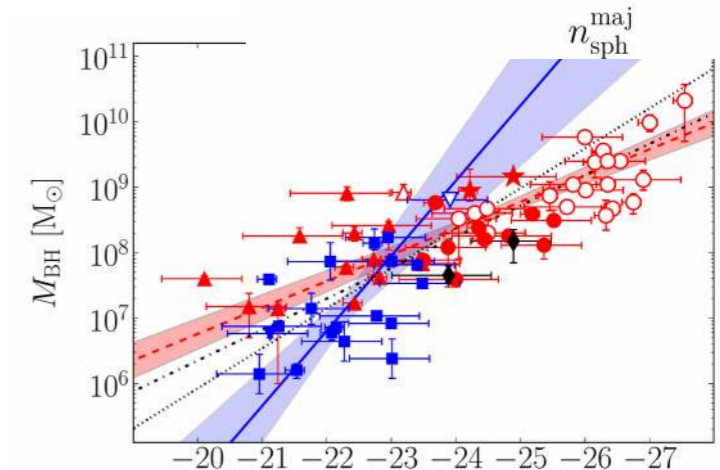
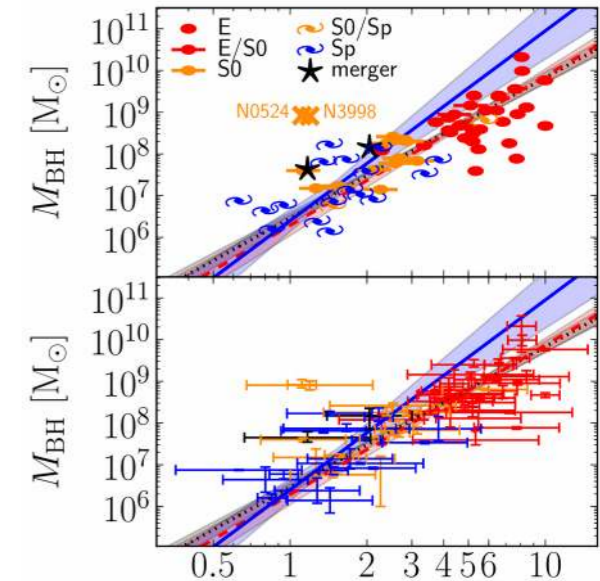
- $M_{\text{BH}}-L$  revised by Savorgnan et al. (2016)
- **LLAGN** most likely have **low mass** central **BH**
- We aim to confirm **IMBH** candidates and inspect the validity of  $M_{\text{BH}}-\text{Galactic properties relations}$  in the **low mass regime**.

- **Our sample:** **7 LLAGN** from the GS13 list.

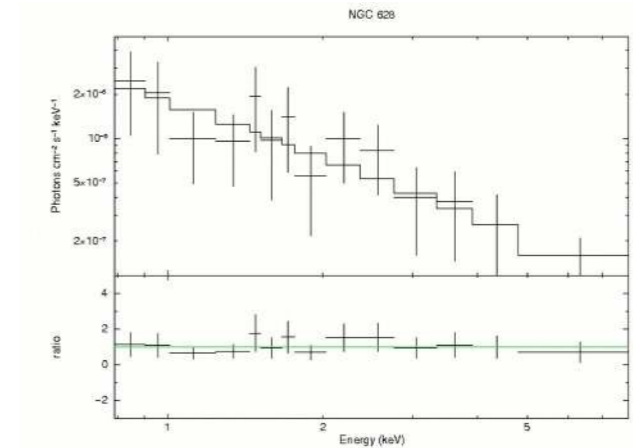
- Multiple high res, X-ray obs. (*Chandra*, *XMM-Newton*)
- Proprietary *VLA*, radio observations
- **IR**, high res, *Spitzer*, *HST* observations
- Optical obs. from: *Vatt*, *Palomar 48-inch Schmidt*, *SDSS*, *KPNO*, *Bok Telescope*, *JKT*.

- **Our approach:** Multiple **methods** – state of the art **tools**.

- $M_{\text{BH}}-L$  relation (Savorgnan et al. 2016)
- $M_{\text{BH}}-n_{\text{sph}}$  relation (Savorgnan 2016)
- $M_{\text{BH}}-PA$  relation (Berrier 2013)
- **Fundamental plane** of BH activity (Plotkin et al. 2012)

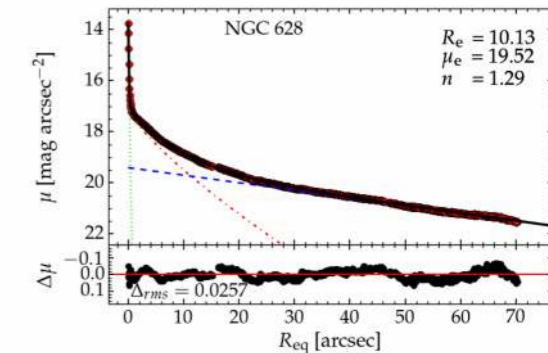
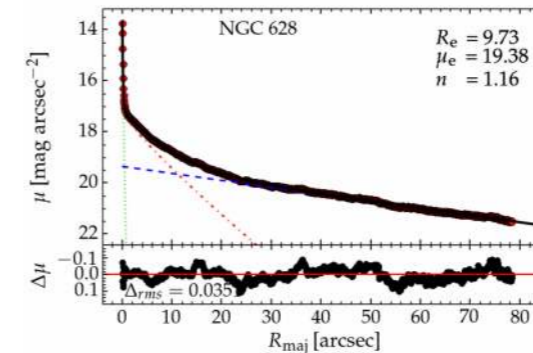


- **Multiple X-ray observations**
  - All sources fitted with absorbed power-law consistent with GBH “hard state”.
  - No significant flux variability



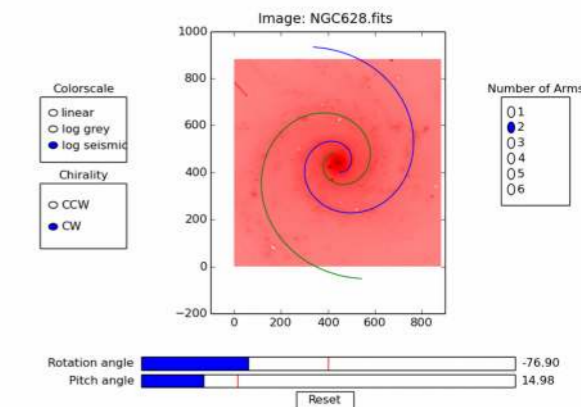
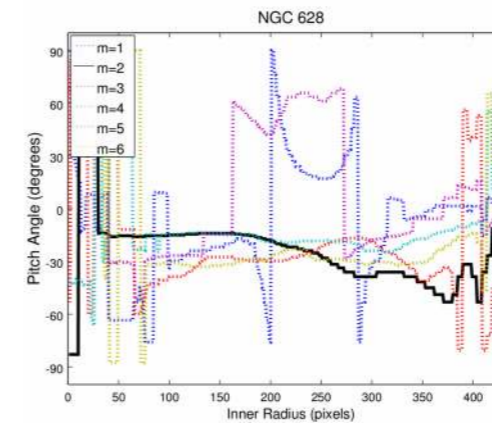
- **IR analysis - Morphological decomposition**

- Masking contaminating sources
- Decompose photometric components disc, bulge, bar, point-source, etc
- State of the art tools: **profiler**, **isophote** (Ciambur 2015, 2016)

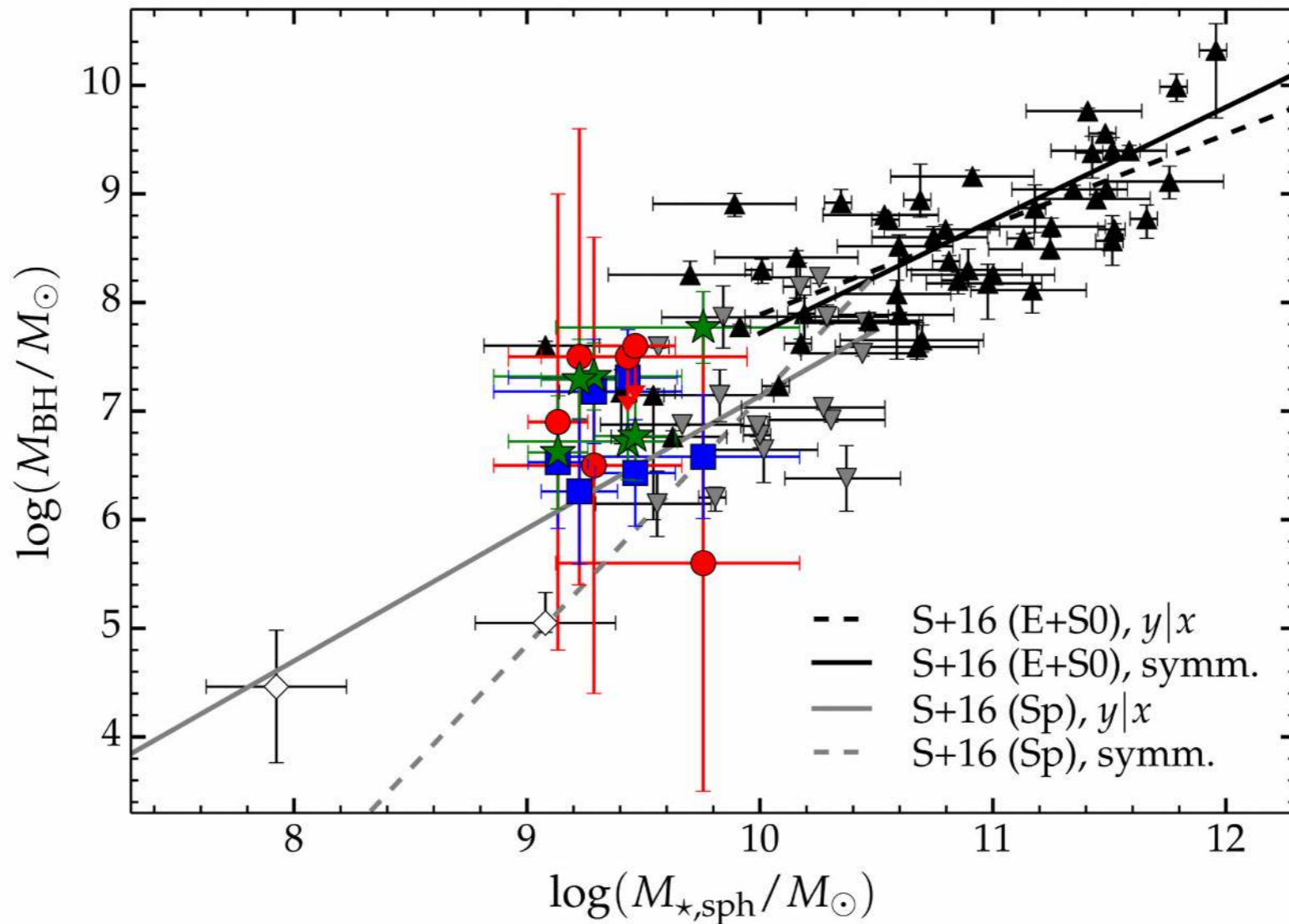


- **Spiral arms analysis**

- Images **deprojected** to face-on
- 2-D Fast Fourier Transform
- **Harmonic** mode corresponding to **constant PA** over largest range of  $R_{in}$



# Results



Source	$\log(M_{BH})^c$	$\log(M_{BH})^d$	$\log(M_{BH})^e$	$\log(M_{BH})^f$	$\log(M_{BH})^g$
	[FP-BH]	[GS13]	$[M_{BH} - n_{sph}]$	$[M_{BH} - M_{sph}]$	$[M_{BH} - PA]$
NGC 628	< 7.5	4.9±1.0	6.7±0.4	6.3±0.7	7.3 ± 0.5
NGC 3185	6.5±2.1	5.3±0.9	7.3±0.3	6.1±0.8	7.2 ± 0.5
NGC 3198	6.9±2.1	4.4±1.0	6.6±0.5	6.0±0.8	6.5 ± 0.6
NGC 3486	5.6±2.1	4.3±1.0	7.7±0.3	6.7±0.7	6.4 ± 0.6
NGC 3507	7.5±2.1	5.4±0.9	7.3±0.3	6.1±0.8	6.1 ± 0.6
NGC 4314	< 7.6	5.5±0.9	6.8±0.5	6.4±0.7	6.4 ± 0.6
NGC 4470	< 7.9	4.9±1.0	-	-	7.5 ± 0.5



# Conclusions

- **None** of the sources in our sample are **IMBHs**
- The **GS13** “broken”  $M_{\text{BH}}\text{-}L_{\text{sph}}$  relation **underestimates** the **Black hole mass**.
- The **revised**  $M_{\text{BH}}\text{-}L_{\text{sph}}$  relation, **correctly** estimates **BH** masses
- We demonstrate – for the first time – that the different **scaling** relations are **consistent** in the **low mass** regime.
- Our multiple-method approach **CAN** be used to discover **IMBHs**, in **LLAGN** and **dwarf** galaxies with **low luminosity** bulges.
- We expect **~8 sources** in the **GS13** list to lie in the **IMBH** range. Their analysis will be the next step in this **ongoing** project

