

Broad band continuum spectra of accreting pulsars around and above the critical luminosity

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& *NuSTAR* Binaries Collaborations

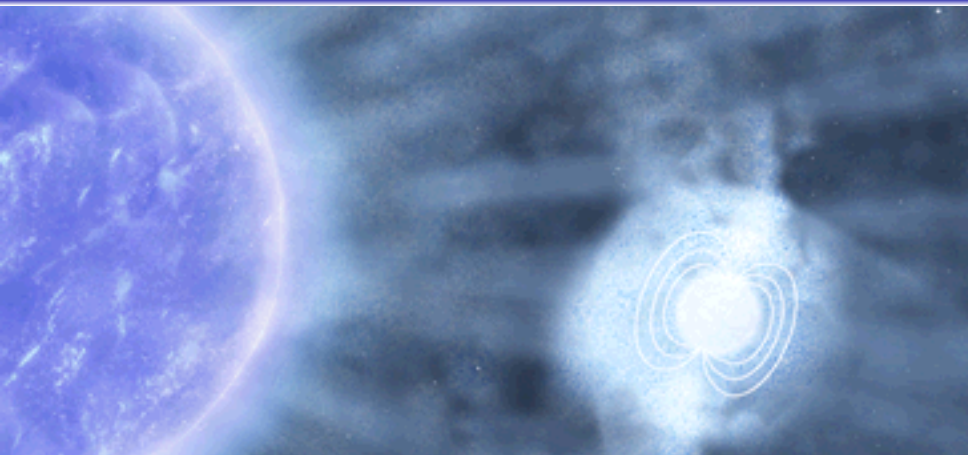
“Breaking the Limits”, Arbatax, Italy, September 19–23, 2016



UMBC



Accreting Pulsars



Credit: ESA/AOES Medialab

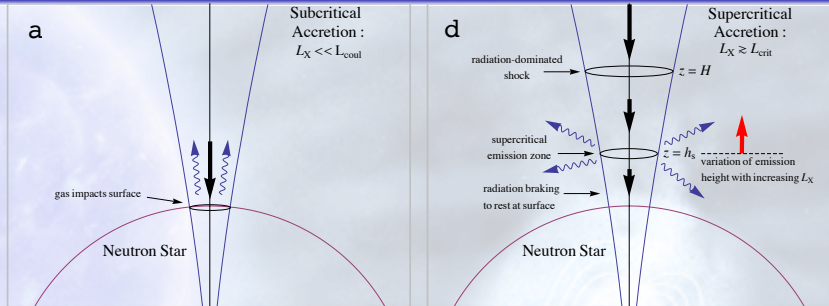
- persistent O, B wind accretors or Be transients
- young (~ 70 MW, 70 SMC, 15 LMC, M82, M31)

- $B_{NS} \sim$ a few 10^{12} G

$r_{\text{Alfvén}} \sim 1800$ km

$v_{\text{column}} \sim 0.7 c$

Changing Deceleration



$$L_{\text{crit}} = 1.5 \times 10^{37} \text{ erg/s} \left(\frac{\Lambda}{0.1} \right)^{-7/5} w^{-28/15} \left(\frac{M_{\text{NS}}}{1.4 M_{\odot}} \right)^{29/30} \left(\frac{R_{\text{NS}}}{10 \text{ km}} \right)^{1/10} \left(\frac{B_{\text{NS}}}{10^{12} \text{ G}} \right)^{16/15}$$

Becker+12; alternatives see Mushtukov+15, Postnov+15

$$L_X \ll L_{\text{coul}}$$

Free fall, surface impact

Pencil beam (a)

$$L_X \uparrow \rightarrow h, B, E_{\text{cyc}} \text{const.}$$

$$L_{\text{coul}} < L_X < L_{\text{crit}}$$

Coulomb braking

“Fencil” beam

$$L_X \uparrow \rightarrow h \downarrow \rightarrow B, E_{\text{cyc}} \uparrow$$

$$L_X \gtrsim L_{\text{crit}}$$

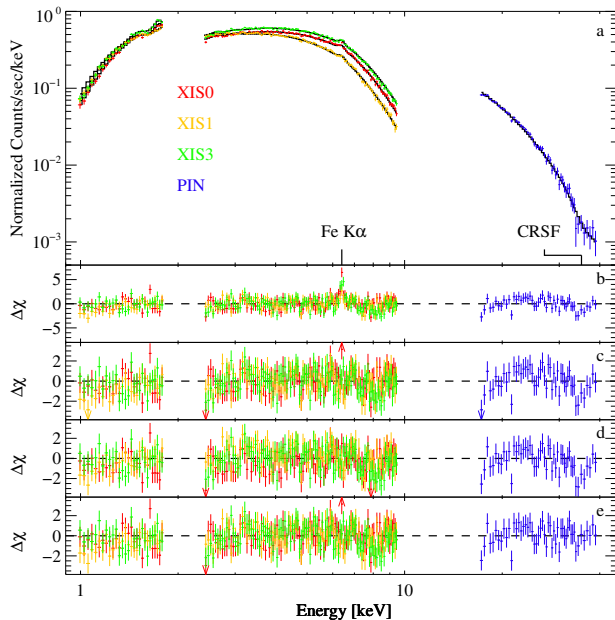
Radiation braking

Fan beam (d)

$$L_X \uparrow \rightarrow h \uparrow \rightarrow B, E_{\text{cyc}} \downarrow$$

E_{cyc} dependencies on L observed!, e.g., Staubert+07, Mowlavi+06

Typical Spectrum



Hard, cutoff powerlaw:

$$\frac{E^{-\Gamma}}{1 + \exp((E - E_{\text{cut}})/E_{\text{fold}})}$$

Absorption:

$\lesssim 3$ keV

Fe K line(s):

6.4–7.0 keV

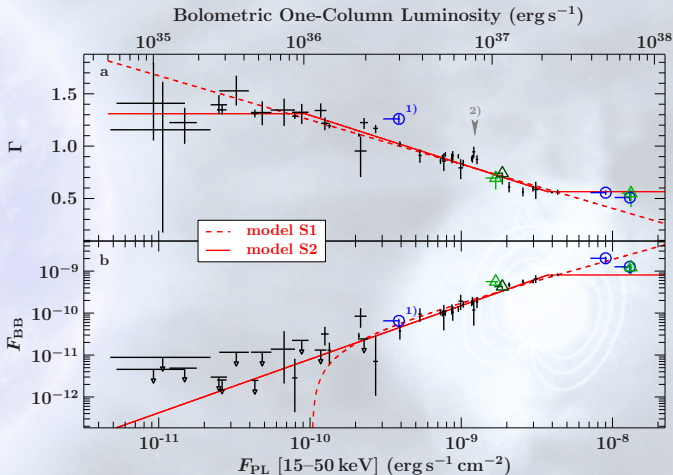
Cyclotron line(s):

10–100 keV

**Observed
spectral changes?**

XTE J1946+274, *Suzaku*
Marcu-Cheatham+15

Changing Continuum



GRO J1008-57, *RXTE*, *Suzaku*, *NuSTAR*, Kühnel+16, *subm.*

- + **hardening/saturation** for 6 pulsars (*RXTE*/ASM, Postnov+15)
- reflection (Postnov+15) or reaching L_{crit} ?

Physical Continuum Model

$L_X \gtrsim L_{\text{crit}}$: **Radiation dominated radiative shock**
Solve t-indep. cylindrical plane-parallel radiative transport equation

Analytical Solution

Column integrated flux is the sum of three Comptonized seed components:

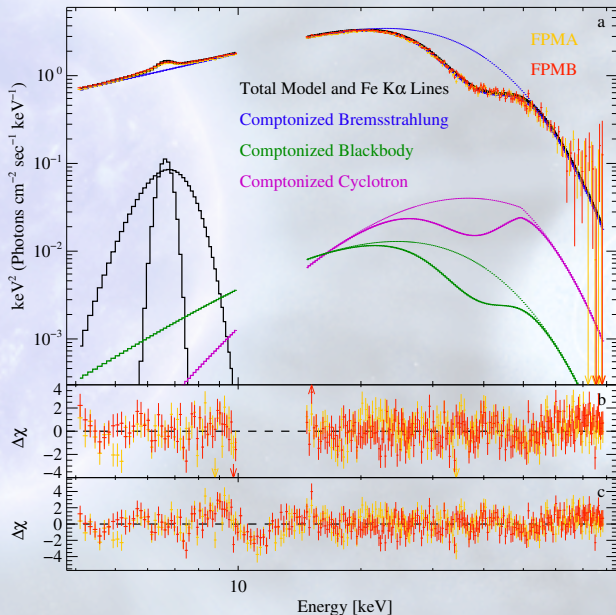
$$F(E) = (4\pi D)^{-1} [\Phi^{\text{ff}}(E) + \Phi^{\text{cyc}}(E) + \Phi^{\text{bb}}(E)]$$

- Becker & Wolff 05a, 05b, 07, including “spectral fits by eye”
- Ferrigno+09, proof of concept statistical fit
- xspec models: **Wolff+16, Ferrigno ('16, priv. comm.)**

Numerical Solution

- xspec models: Farinelli+12, Farinelli+16

Physical Continuum: Hercules X-1



$$L_X = 4.9 \times 10^{37} \text{ erg/s}$$

$$L_{\text{crit}} = 7.3 \times 10^{36} \text{ erg/s}$$

$$kT_e = 4.58^{+0.07}_{-0.07} \text{ keV}$$

$$r_{\text{col}} = 107.0^{+1.7}_{-1.8} \text{ m}$$

$$\sigma_{\parallel}/\sigma_T = 5.2(1) 10^{-5}$$

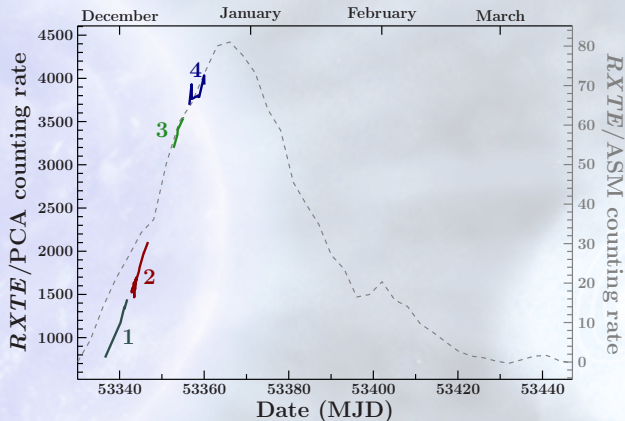
$$\bar{\sigma}/\sigma_T = 3.5(2) 10^{-4}$$

(Flux, distance: \dot{M})
 (Absorption: N_H)
 (2 Fe lines)
 (Cyclotron line: B)
 ($\sigma_{\perp} = \sigma_T$)

$\chi^2_{\text{red}} = 1.2$ similar
 to empirical description
 by Fürst+13.

Her X-1, *NuSTAR*
 Wolff+16

Physical Continuum: V 0332–53



V 0332+53 in 2005, *RXTE*, Hemphill+16, to be subm.

$$L_X = 15.5 - 41.2 \times 10^{37} \text{ erg/s}$$

The brightest Galactic accreting pulsar transient.

The fun begins:

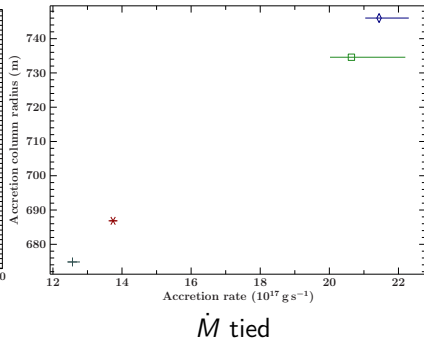
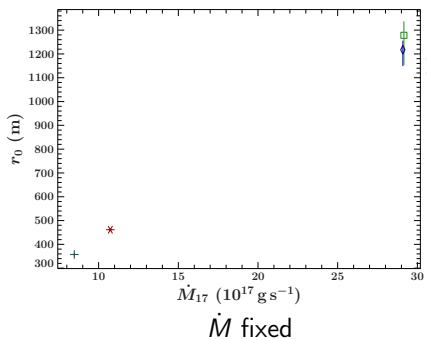
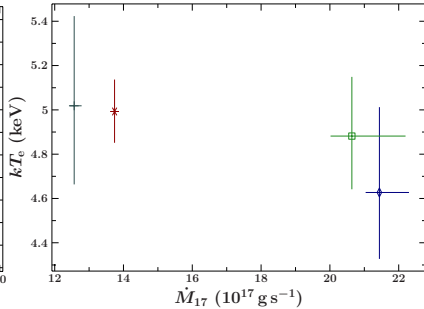
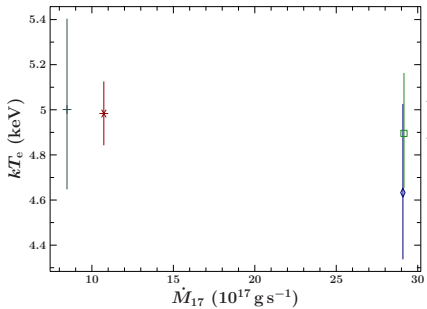
- fit 2×1 -column
- derive h , redshift continuum & E_{cyc}
- replace the σ s:

$$\xi \sim 4.1 t_{\text{sh}}/t_{\text{esc}} = 1.15 \text{ fixed}$$

$$\delta = y_{\text{bulk}}/y_{\text{therm}}$$

- \dot{M} fixed – or –
 \dot{M} tied to r_{col}

\Rightarrow Free parameters kT_e , \dot{M} , and δ .



$kT_e \sim 5 \text{ keV}$, $\delta \sim 1.5$ (not shown), r_{col} method dependent.

Work in Progress

L_X (0.1–100 keV) $10^{37} \text{ erg s}^{-1}$	kT_e keV	r_{col} m	σ_{\parallel} $10^{-5} \sigma_T$	$\bar{\sigma}$ $10^{-4} \sigma_T$		
Cen X-3	4	$3.1^{+0.4}_{-0.1}$	65^{+12}_{-4}	$2.8^{+0.2}_{-0.2}$	$1.6^{+0.6}_{-0.3}$	S, Gottlieb/KP
Her X-1	5	$4.6^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	107^{+2}_{-2}	$5.2^{+0.1}_{-0.1}$	$3.5^{+0.2}_{-0.2}$	N, Wolff+16
V 0332+53	2×20	$4.6^{+0.4}_{-0.3}$	746	5.1	3.8	R, Hemphill
LMC X-4	35	$5.6^{+0.1}_{-0.5}$	1218^{+21}_{-14}	5.4	$16.2^{+0.3}_{-0.3}$	S, Marcu/KP
SMC X-1	105	6.0	3500	0.5	4.6	N, KP/Wolff

S, N, R: *Suzaku*, *NuSTAR*, *RXTE*

V 0332: r_{col} , σ s derived, errors of fit parameters well behaved

LMC X-4: within 10% of superorbital peak

SMC X-1: within 40% of superorbital peak (T-scattering?), **very preliminary**

Farinelli+16: Her X-1, Cen X-3, 4U 0115+63

Good fits, comparable to empirical continua.

Outlook

More Applications

Sources/code comparisons, treatment of superorbital periods, mapping to empirical parameters, ...

New Observations

E.g., recent NuSTAR ToO of SMC X-3 at $L_X = 84 \times 10^{37}$ erg/s (ATel 9404).

Model Development

Include resonant scattering, add light bending, allow for pencil beam, ...

Additional Reading

Contributions to 2016 HEAD Special Session:

<http://www.sternwarte.uni-erlangen.de/wiki/doku.php?id=head16:start>